IN THE CLAIMS:

Please **AMEND** the claims as follows:

within the groove of the component; and

(Currently amended) A medical electrical lead, comprising:
a component including a surface and a groove formed in the surface;
a conductor extending within the lead and including a portion positioned

a resistance weld formed between the portion of the conductor and the component;

wherein the groove includes a depth and the portion of the conductor positioned within the groove includes a pre-weld diameter, the pre-weld diameter being greater than the depth of the groove.

- 2. (Original) The medical electrical lead of claim 1, wherein the surface has a curved profile.
- 3. (Previously presented) The medical electrical lead of claim 2, wherein the component comprises a substantially tubular body and wherein the surface is an inner surface of the substantially tubular body.
- 4. (Original) The medical electrical lead of claim 2, wherein the surface of the component forms an outer diameter.
- 5. (Original) The medical electrical lead of claim 2, wherein the surface of the component forms an inner diameter and the component further includes an outer electrode surface.
- 6. (Original) The medical electrical lead of claim 5, wherein the outer electrode surface includes a titanium nitride coating.

- 7. (Original) The medical electrical lead of claim 1, wherein the conductor is a cable.
- 8. (Original) The medical electrical lead of claim 1, wherein the conductor is a coil.
- 9. (Original) The medical electrical lead of claim 1, wherein the groove extends approximately aligned with a longitudinal axis of the component.
- 10. (Original) The medical electrical lead of claim 1, wherein the groove extends approximately transverse to a longitudinal axis of the component.
- 11. (Currently amended) <u>The[[A]]</u> medical electrical lead <u>of claim 2</u>, comprising:

a component including a surface having a curved profile and a groove formed in the surface;

a conductor extending within the component and including a portion positioned within the groove of the component, wherein the groove spiraling about a portion of a circumference of the surface; and

a resistance weld formed between the portion of the conductor and the component.

- 12. (Original) The medical electrical lead of claim 1, wherein the groove includes an approximately semi-circular cross-section.
- 13. (Original) The medical electrical lead of claim 1, wherein the groove includes an approximately v-shaped cross-section.
- Cancelled.

- 15. (Original) A method for forming a resistance weld between a conductor and a component of a medical electrical lead, the method comprising steps of: placing a portion of the conductor within a groove formed in a surface of the component;
 - pressing a welding electrode against the portion of the conductor; and applying a welding pulse while continuing to press the electrode, the electrode being stopped from flattening the cable by contact with the surface of the component on either side of the groove.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein the surface of the component forms an inner diameter and the welding electrode is inserted within the inner diameter.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein the surface of the component forms an outer diameter.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein the conductor is a cable.
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein the conductor is a coil.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 15, further comprising a step of applying a pre-weld pulse to condition the component and wherein the surface of the component forms an inner diameter and an outer surface of the component forms an electrode including a titanium nitride coating.
- 21. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein the welding pulse peaks at a current between approximately 600 amps and approximately 700 amps
- 22. (Original) The method of claim 20, wherein the pre-weld pulse peaks at approximately 400 amps.

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- 23. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein a force applied in pressing the welding electrode against the portion of the conductor is greater than approximately 5 pounds.
- 24. (Original) The method of claim 23, wherein the force is between approximately 6 pounds and approximately 10 pounds.
- 25. (Previously presented) The medical electrical lead of claim 1, wherein the component comprises an elongated body, and wherein the groove comprises a longitudinal slot substantially parallel with the longitudinal axis of the elongated body.